

SEN4LDN

LAND DEGRADATION NEUTRALITY

Integrated EO solution at high resolution Carolien Toté, on behalf of the SEN4LDN consortium











SEN4LDN: High resolution Land Degradation Neutrality Monitoring



SEN4LDN objective

Develop, demonstrate and **validate** a robust and scientifically-sound **EO methodology** that exploits the **high frequency and spatial resolution** of open and free-of-charge satellite imagery to increase **the spatial details of national assessments of land degradation and restoration**, and provide synoptic information for countries to plan LDN interventions at appropriate scales.

User Characterisation, Engagement and Requirement Engineering

Input Data Collection and Pre-processing

Algorithm trade-off and Proof of Concept

EO Solution Development



National Demonstrations



Early Adopter Use Cases

Promotion and Outreach

Roadmap







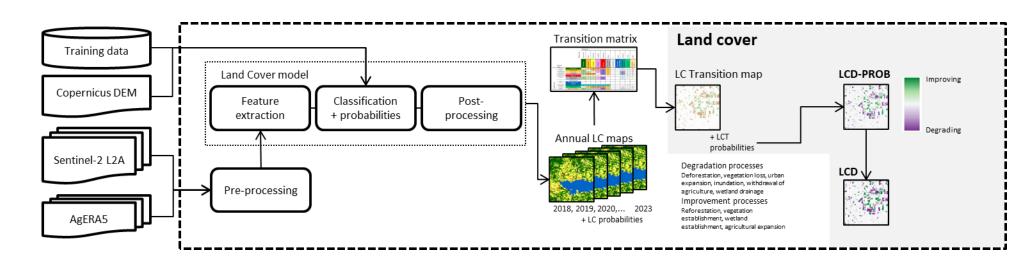




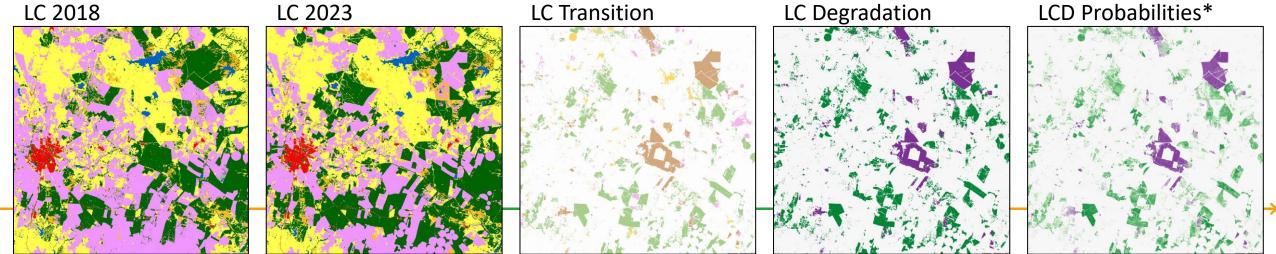
Trends in Land Cover



Automated, global land cover change algorithm generating discrete and continuous land cover degradation products at 10m resolution





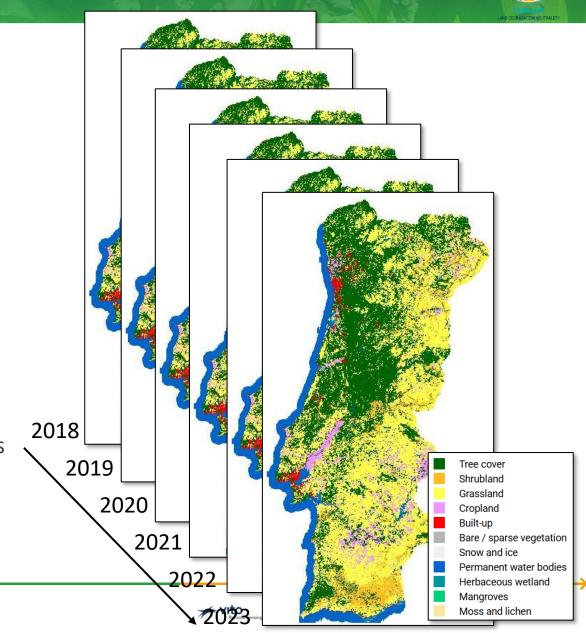


Trends in Land Cover – Algorithm summary



Land Cover time series

- Updated global Land Cover algorithm (WorldCover V300) with focus on consistent Land Cover timeseries
- Pre-processing
 - Sentinel-2 L2A: improved clouds detection, interpolation and temporal compositing
 - Climatic regions embeddings based on AgERA5
- Improved inter-annual consistency
 - New multi-year training dataset
 - Multi-year training/algorithm calibration
 - Deep learning features + pixel classifier (spatial accuracy and context)
- Change detection + Post-processing to stabilize class fluctuations on Land Cover Timeseries
- Land Cover Probabilities used to derive continuous Land cover transition probabilities instead of using discretized maps

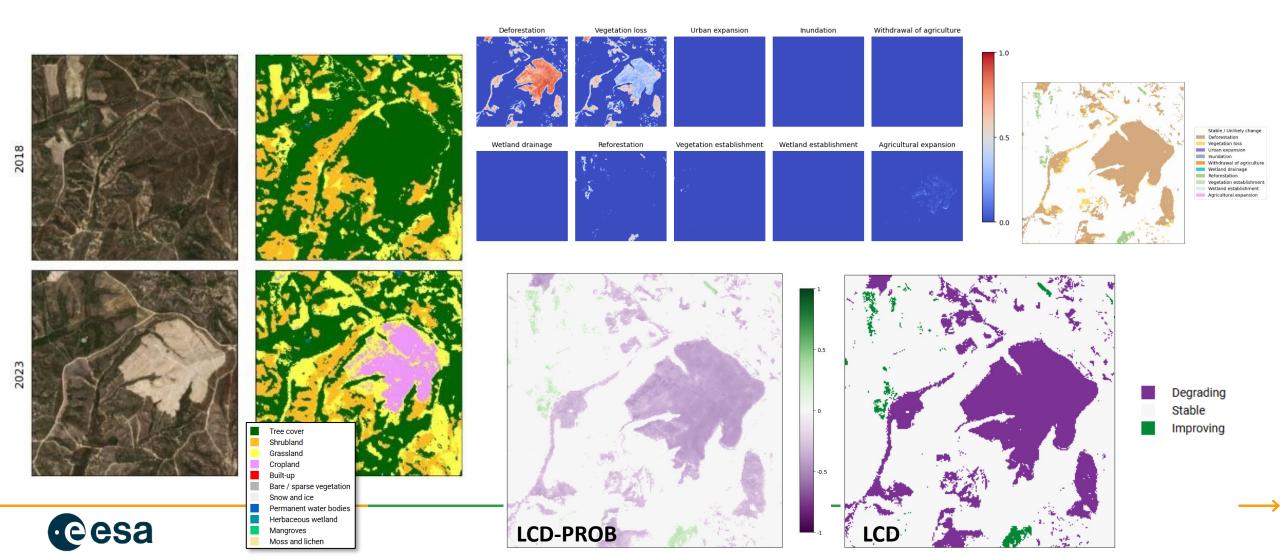




Trends in Land Cover – Algorithm summary



• Transitions, transition probabilities → Discrete transition maps, LCD, LCD-PROB



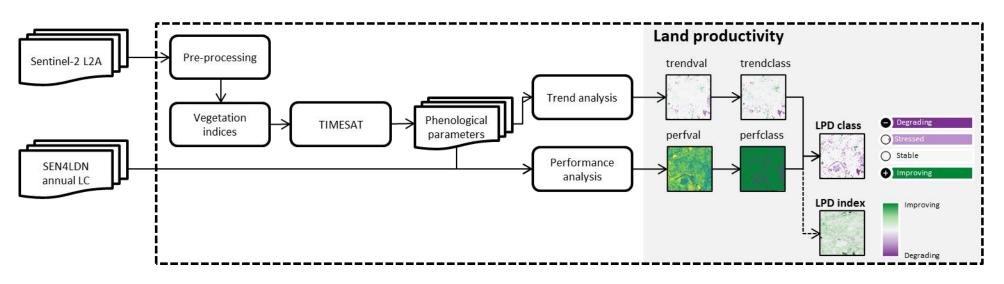
Trends in Land Productivity

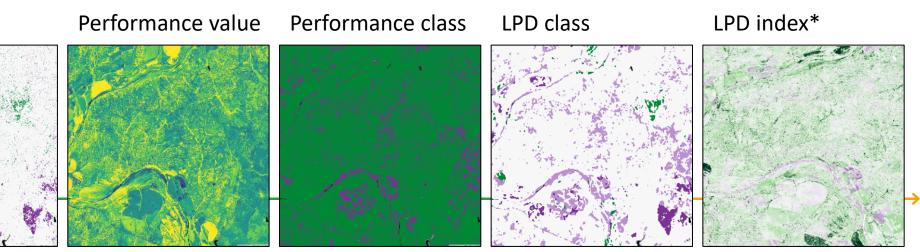
Trend class

Trend value



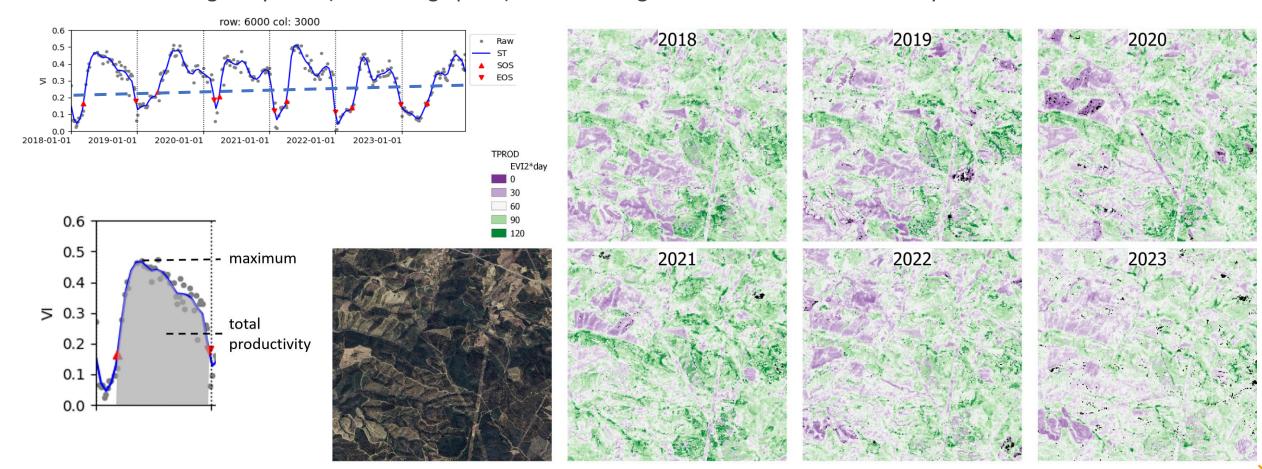
Automated, global algorithm using TIMESAT to generate Land Productivity Degradation classes and continuous values at 10m spatial resolution







- TIMESAT processing → Seasonal Total Productivity (TPROD)
 - ➤ Generating Daily EVI2 (Smoothing Spline) → Estimating of Seasonal Total Productivity











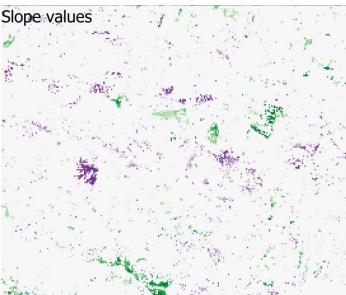


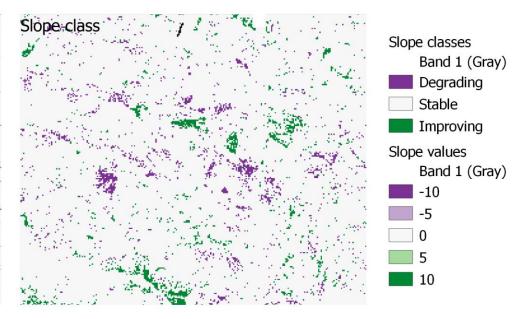


- Trend of Seasonal Total Productivity
 - > slope: the Theil-Sen robust statistical regression
 - > P-value: the Mann-Kendall test
 - → Slope values and classes

Class	Criteria	Digital code
Degrading	Slope (-) and $p \le 0.1$	1
Stable	Slope (0) or p > 0.1	2
Improving	Slope (+) and p ≤ 0.1	3









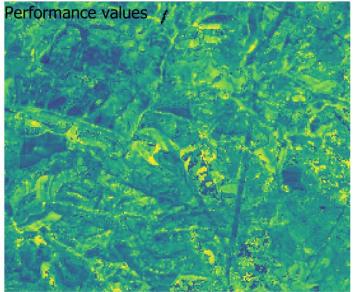
- Performance estimation
 - > Performance indicator I: Productivity Performance (PP)

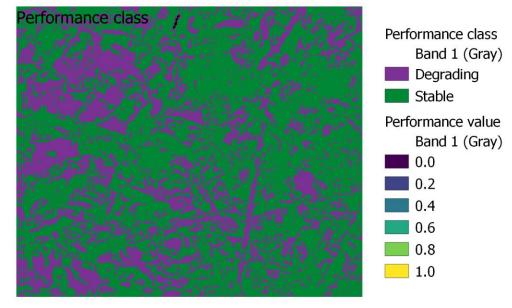
$$PP = \frac{TPROD_{max,p}}{TPROD_{ref,c}},$$

PP	Category	Code
0.0 - 0.5	Degrading	1
> 0.5	Stable	2

- $TPROD_{max,p}$ is the maximum 2021-2023 TPROD value for a pixel belonging to a certain land cover class.
- $TPROD_{ref,c}$ is the reference TPROD value for all pixels of the same stable land cover class in the country. The 90'th upper percentile is used to determine the national reference TPROD of each land cover class.





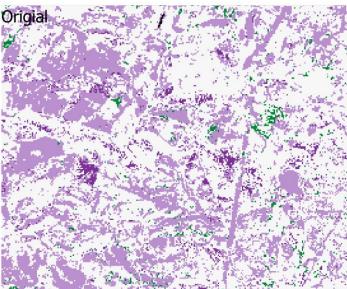


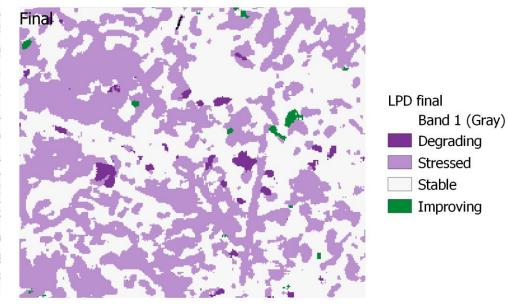


- LPD (4 classes)
- ➤ Apply spatial filter to the final product
- ➤ Generate **LPD index**, products of normalized slope values and performance values

Trend	Performance	LPD
Degrading	Degrading/Stable	Degrading
Stable/Improving	Degrading	Stressed
Stable	Stable	Stable
Improving	Stable	Improving







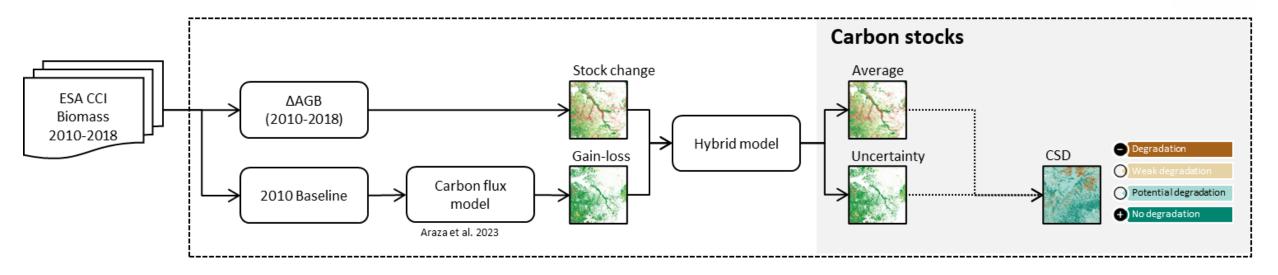
Trends in Carbon Stocks



Focus on above ground carbon stocks

- Hybrid AGB mapping approach was developed as prototype demonstration case, based on two research demonstration models (gain-loss WRI flux model and ESA CCI stock change).
- Retrieval uncertainties are given indicating model fidelity.
- Net flux estimates provided (country statistics and whether carbon sinks or sources).









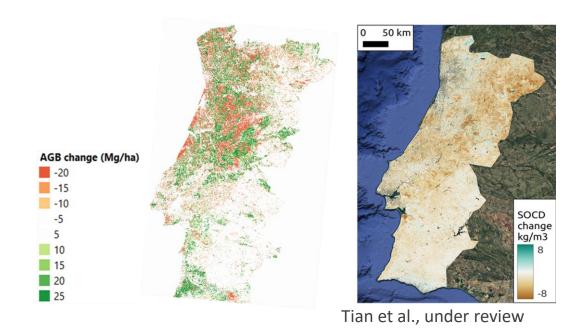






Trends in Carbon Stocks





Limitations

- Spatial resolution lower & time span different than LC and Productivity sub-indicators (100 m)
- Absence of high-resolution global trend data of SOC derived from EO data: needed to assess total carbon stocks
- Potential biases in both AGB models

Roadmap

- Research efforts needed in estimation of total carbon stocks, integrating both SOC and AGB methodologies:
- For <u>SOC</u>: follow-up WorldSoils project, and exploration of other SOC research lines ongoing
 For <u>AGB</u>: further model development, refining & optimizing – BIOMASS and other missions...









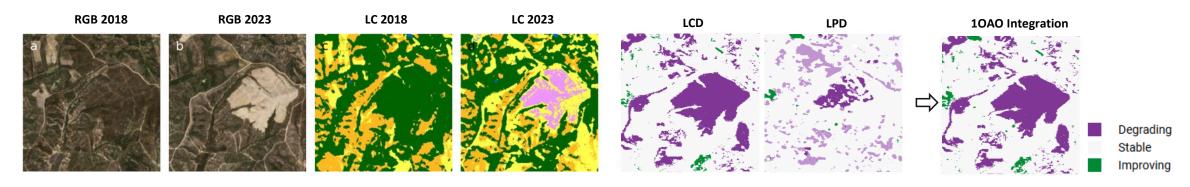


Integration for SDG 15.3.1 indicator on LDN

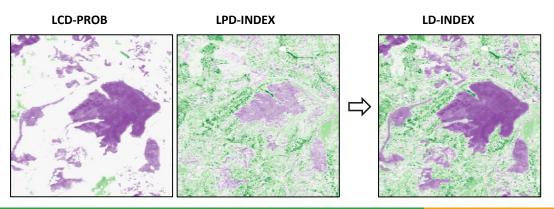


Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area

One Out, All Out (10A0)



• Exploration of continuous sub-indicator aggregation using LCD-PROB and LPD values to generate LD probabilities













SEN4LDN Key outcomes



Earth Engine Apps

e presented to the Early Adopters at the third

- EO method for national assessments of land degradation and restoration
 - at high temporal frequency (annual) and high spatial resolution (10 m)
 - validated using ground sampling data and through consistency evaluation
 - in a more continuous way
- Automated, global land cover change algorithm generating discrete and continuous land cover degradation products at 10m resolution
- Automated, global algorithm using TIMESAT to generate land productivity degradation classes and continuous values at 10m spatial resolution
- Exploration of the use of aboveground biomass for evaluation of trends in carbon stocks
- Integration for SDG 15.3.1 on LDN: One-Out-All-Out and testing of continuous sub-indicator integration
- User engagement
 - living lab workshops with three SDG Early Adopters
 - national demonstrations and use cases in Portugal, Uganda and Colombia
- Implementation into CDSE/openEO (still ongoing) will enhance user uptake

https://vitorsveg.users.earthengine.app/view/sen4ldn









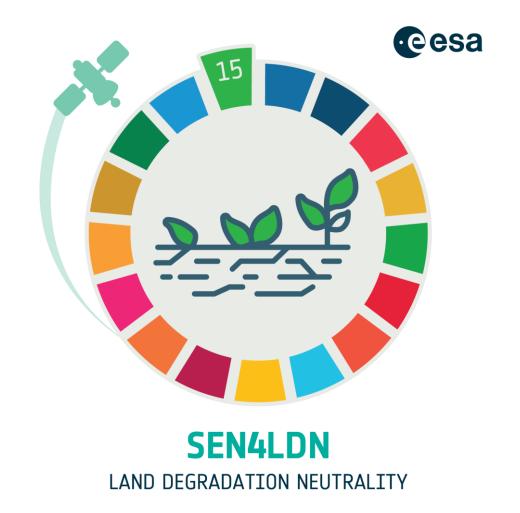








Thank you Questions?



https://esa-sen4ldn.org