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DG DEFIS (Defense Industry and Space)

Earth Observation Unit



Copernicus EU



Copernicus EU



www.copernicus.eu











COPERNICUS ARCHITECTURE

6 services use Earth
Observation data to deliver...



Sentinels









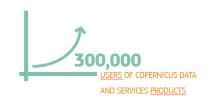
Copernicus : Europe´s Eyes on Earth

COPERNICUS is EU Earth Observation and Monitoring programme, looking at our planet and its environment for the benefit of all European citizens



PROVIDING TOOLS FOR ACTION OVER 1092 INFORMATION PRODUCTS











COPERNICUS SERVICES









Benefit areas and products examples

Ecosystems

Biodiversity

Agriculture

Forestry

Energy

Natural Resources

Water

Urban planning

Global





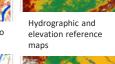
















Related Pan-European products

Local





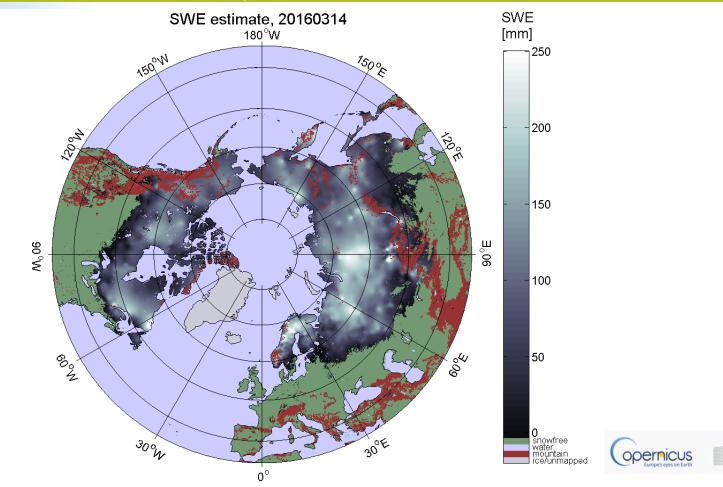








Snow Water Equivalent



European Commission



Benefit areas and products examples

Marine Monitoring

Marine safety

Marine resources

Coastal and marine environment

Climate and meteorological forecasting

Other: Transport,
Tourism,
Environment,
Pollution, Energy, etc.









Sea Level

Ocean Salinity

Ocean Temperature

Sea Ice

Wind

Ocean Currents

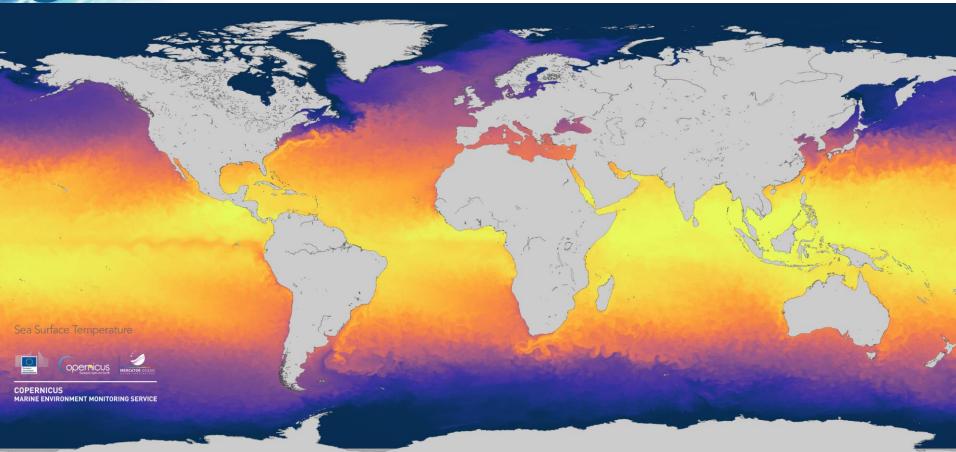
Ocean Colour / Biogeochemistry (e.g. optics, chlorophyil, biology, chemistry)







Sea surface temperature





Benefit areas and products examples

Atmosphere Monitoring

Health

Environment

Pollution

Climate

Renewable Energy

Air Quality and Atmospheric Composition



Climate forcing



Ozone layer & UV



Solar radiation



Emissions and surface fluxes



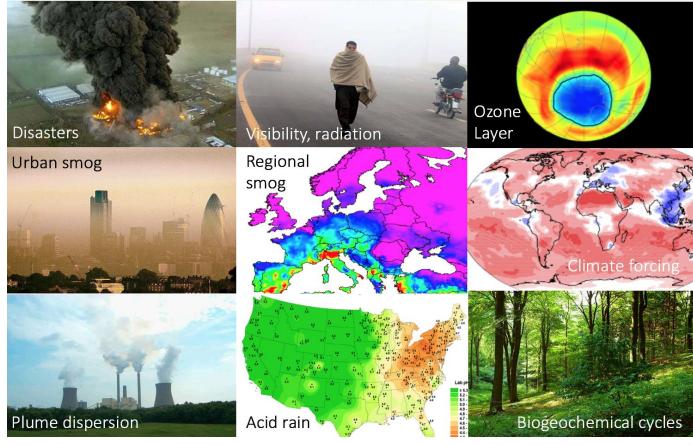






Monitoring

REASONS TO CARE ABOUT ATMOSPHERIC COMPOSITION



Local < 100km

Regional 100-1000km

Global > 1000km

D. Jacob



Benefit areas and products examples

Climate change

Mitigation and adaptation

Weather forecast

Pollution

Environment

Health

Consistent Estimates of the Essential Climate Variables (ECVs)

Support to Mitigation and Adaptation Strategies

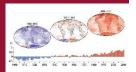
Global and Regional Reanalyses

Seasonal Forecasts And Climate Projections









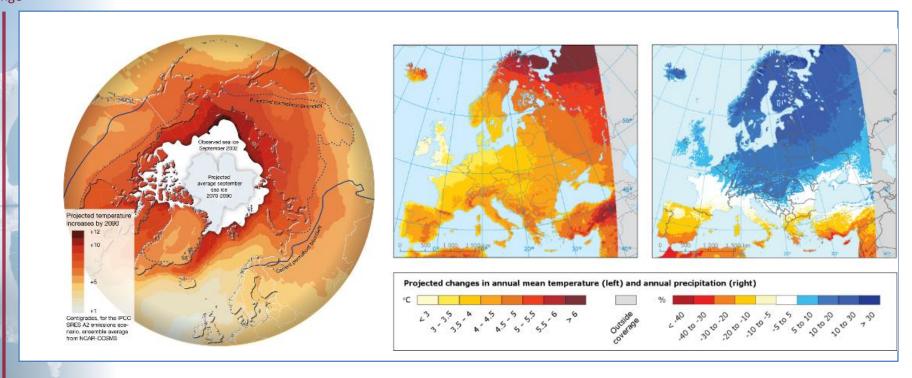








Access to past, present and future climate information







Emergency: Benefit areas and products examples

Natural & Man-made Disasters

Humanitarian Crises



Risk & Recovery Mapping:

- Reference Maps
- Pre-disaster Situation Maps
- Post-disaster Situation Maps

Rapid Mapping:

- Reference Maps
- Delineation Maps
- Grading Maps

Early Warning & Monitoring:

- Floods: EFAS/GloFAS
- Forest Fires: EFFIS/GWIS
- Drought: EDO/GDO

EFAS = **European Flood** Awareness System; GloFAS = **Global Flood** Awareness System EFFIS = **European Forest Fire** Information System; GWIS = **Global Wildfire** Information System EDO = **European Drought** Observatory; GDO = **Global Drought** Observatory







Copernicus Emergency Service













Tsunami



Industrial accidents



Geoinformation on demand







eruptions



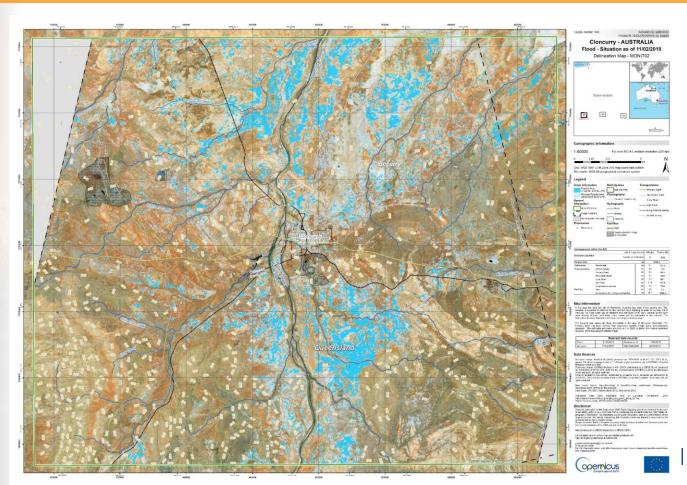






EMERGENCY ACTIVATION

Emergency Management







Security

Benefit areas and products examples

Border Surveillance

Maritime Surveillance

Support to EU External Action

- Coastal monitoring
- Pre-frontier monitoring
- Reference mapping



- Maritime surveillance of an area of interest
- Vessel detection
- Vessel tracking and reporting
- Vessel anomaly detection



- Conflict damage assessment
- Critical infrastructure analysis
- Reference map
- Support to evacuation plans
- Crisis situation map
- Border map
- Camp analysis



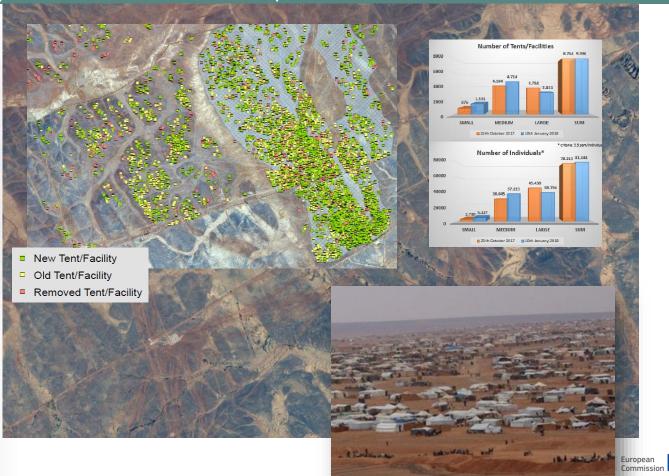






Security

Copernicus SEA Operations







COPERNICUS and SDGs







Copernicus & SDGs

- Copernicus can already provide support to the monitoring of the progress of the following SDGs:
- the Biosphere: SDG nrs 6 (clean water and sanitation), 13 (climate action), 14 (Life below water), 15 (Life on Land);
- Society: SDG nrs 2 (zero hunger), 3 (good health and well-being)
 7 (affordable and clean energy), 11 (sustainable cities and communities);





Land Monitoring Service

15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements



Land Monitoring Service

2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality

₫

6





Marine Environment Security Service Monitoring Service

14.4 By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics







CITIES

AND COMMUNITIES



0

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT





GOOD HEALTH

AND WELL-BEING



CLEAN ENERGY



Atmosphere Monitoring Service

3.d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks



Land Monitoring Service

6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes



Climate Change Service

13.3 Improve education. awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning



Emergency Management Service

11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage





Climate Change Service

Atmosphere Monitoring Service

7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency



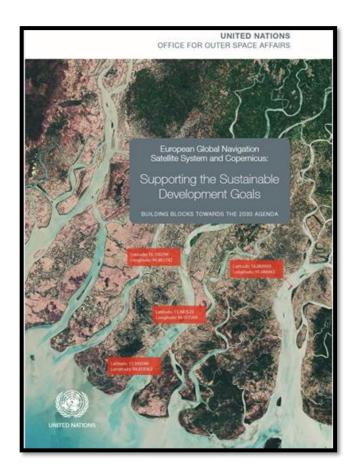






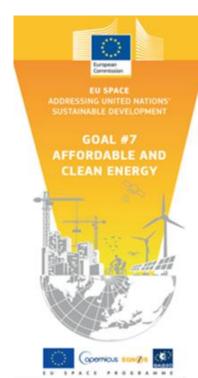
Copernicus in support of the UN Sustainable Development Goals https://www.copernicus.eu/sites/default/files/2018-10/Copernicus SDG Report July2018pdf.pdf

EUSpace supporting the Sustainable Development Goals <a href="http://www.unoosa.org/documents/pdf/psa/activities/2018/EGNSSCopernicusEbook/SDGs_EGNSCopernicusEbook/SDGs_EGNSCOpernicusEb















EU SPACE FOR CLIMATE ACTION



EU SPACE FOR LIFE ON LAND



















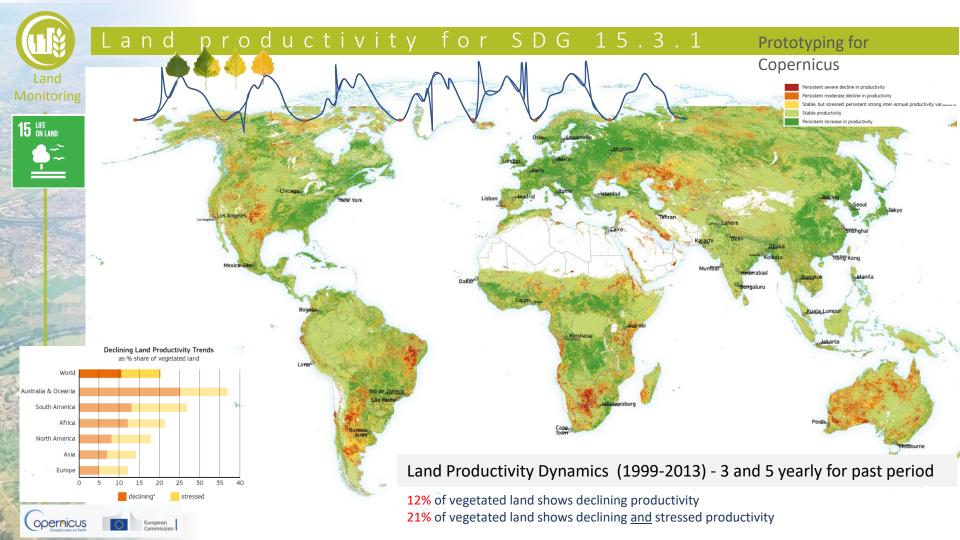
Possible future SDG indicators based on CLMS

- Tree cover change, based on the HRL tree cover density and dominant leaf type change products for the 2012-2015-2018, documenting changes in tree covered area
- Grassland change indicator starting from the 2015-2018, documenting pattern and dynamics of grassland dynamics
- Change in small woody features once the 2015-2018 change product is published
- CLC based "land take" indicator
- Landscape fragmentation pressure from urban and transport infrastructure expansion
- Changes in vegetation productivity and phenology across Europe capturing the effects of climate change, and droughts/flooding
- Land recycling and densification documenting change in the urban environment











Lake Turkana monitoring

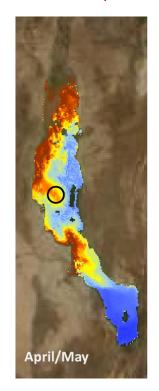
Water Quality product: +-4500 lakes at 300m (turbidity, trophic state, reflectance)





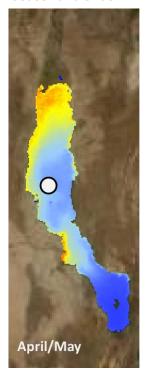


NRT Turbidity data - 2018



Sept/Oct







C3S and UNFCCC Sustainable Development Goals

C3S contribution to SDGs

C3S contribution to SDGs



C3S SIS addresses agriculture, and some of the global services will focus on food security

aspects, contribute indirectly to this SDG.
Reanalysis products too.
C3S SIS products and indicators on water

C3S SIS related to urban aspects of climate

change, as well as health and infrastructure



C3S SIS addresses health, providing relevant climate change indicators



management are directly relevant for this goal.

ECV products, including from reanalysis, CDRs,

seasonal forecasts and climate scenarios.



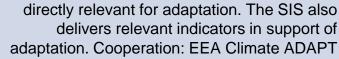
Two Proof-of-concept SIS projects in C3S dedicated to water management. A urban PoC SIS is also addressing this SDG at city level. Migrated to Operations

Two proof-of-concept SIS projects in C3S dedicated to

the Energy Sector. Reanalyses (produced by C3S) are

also highly relevant. Migrated to Operations







C3S activities contribute indirectly to this SDG insofar that the energy climate impact indicators (see goal 7) are relevant.



Some of the ECV products generated by C3S (including reanalysis ORAS5) are ocean relevant. This is done in coordination with CMEMS. SIS on shipping highly relevant

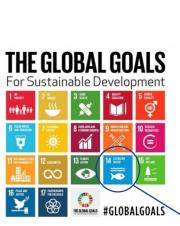


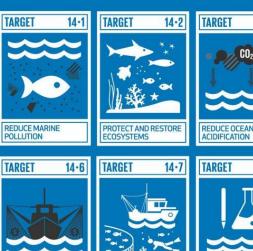
C3S is working closely with the standardisation community (via DG-CLIMA) on developing climate change information required for the writing of standards in infrastructure and transport.

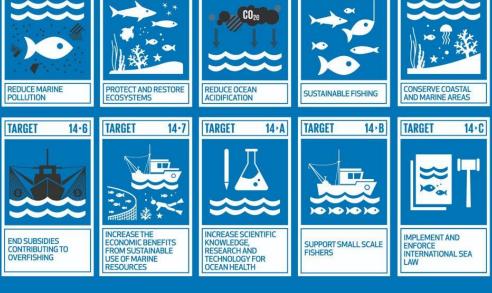


Biodiversity is a sectoral application of C3S. Relevant products contribute to this goal. ECV products on soil moisture, forestry, lakes, also contribute to this goal.









14.3

TARGET







TARGET

14-4

14.5



CMEMS indicator for ocean acidity

A new indicator developed by the Copernicus Marine Service:

Global surface ocean pH from 2001 onwards

- → Developed, produced and distributed by the Copernicus Marine Service; scientific expertise from Anna Conchon (Mercator Ocean International) and Marion Gehlen (IPSL), France
- → Reported to and endorsed by the European Statistical Office EUROSTAT, and European Environmental Agency EEA



















Some examples of the use of Copernicus during the COVID 19 Pandemics







Lagoon of Venice - Water Transparency

While COVID-19 pandemic is striking Europe, and Italy is fighting to save lives, our environment is showing a different face with to the reduction of human activity. The famous Venice Lagoon, with reduced boat traffic, witnesses a clear change in its water transparency. The Copernicus Sentinel-2 satellite helps monitoring the evolution of the Venice Lagoon water transparency.



Copernicus Sentinel-2 true colour images in the Lagoon of Venice on Feb 20 (the last cloud free day before any restrictive measure, left), March 11 (when lock-down was in place, middle) and March 19 (right)





CAMS IN ACTION: SENTINEL-5P, AIR QUALITY FROM SPACE

NO₂ Total Column Mid-March to mid-April 2019 Mid-March to mid-April 2020 **S-5P is the 1st satellite to provide credible measurements of air quality.**



S-5P $\rm NO_2$ total column provision: ESA, KNMI (NL) S-5P $\rm NO_2$ total column processing: ECMWF



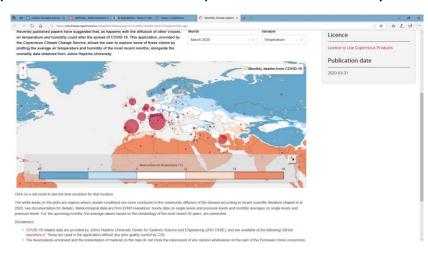


From the Copernicus Climate Change Service

C3S helps health experts explore how temperature and humidity affect virus spread

https://climate.copernicus.eu/c3s-helps-health-experts-explore-how-temperature-and-humidity-affect-virus-spread

Recent research suggests that the spread of the new coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) could be affected by temperature and humidity, so the C3S has worked with environmental software experts <u>B-Open</u> to develop an <u>application</u> that maps mortalities against temperature and humidity data. The application allows health authorities and epidemiology centres to explore the claims that temperature and humidity could affect the spread of coronavirus









EMS - COVID-19 outbreak in taly

- Copernicus EMS Rapid Mapping was activated by the Italian Civil Protection Department on the 5th of April for the city of Turin in northern Italy.
- The scope of this activation is to map and observe over time public gathering places such as street markets and parks, as well as temporary health facilities such as tents and triage facilities next to hospitals.
- The objective is, to provide the Civil Protection with evidence to support the decision-making process in relation to the COVID-19 emergency.
- Activation area: Piedmont Region Alessandria, Cuneo and Turin







